

Acquisition of high-resolution raw data as the key to meet all stakeholders' requirements for process analysis

Dr. Andreas Quick | iba AG

More than
2,000 customers

More than
25,000
installations worldwide



For almost
40 years

20
Regional offices

More than **170**
employees worldwide

70%
Technicians &
Engineers



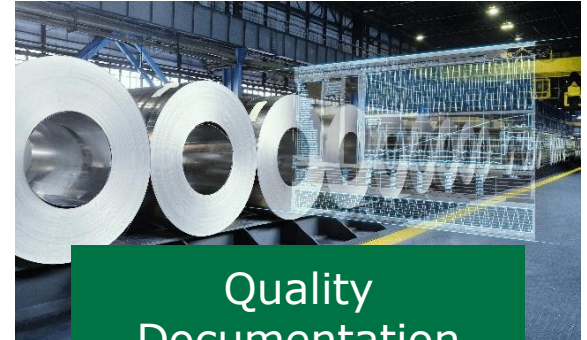
Use Cases of the iba System



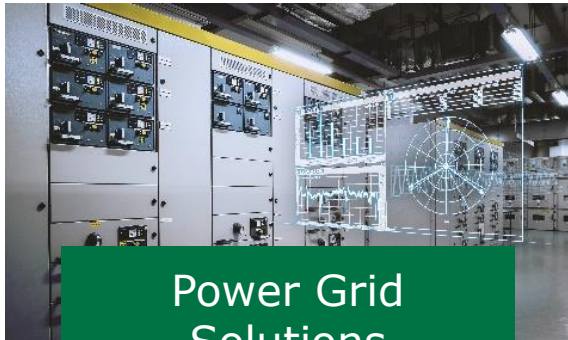
Troubleshooting



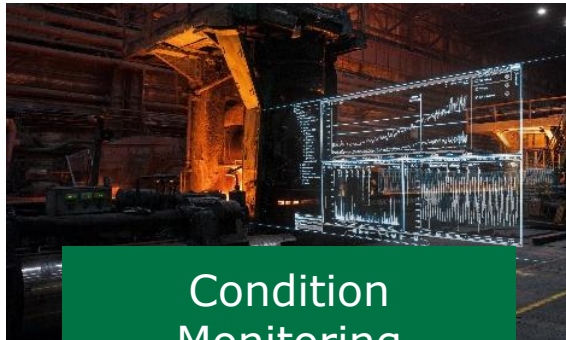
Process Analysis
Process Monitoring



Quality
Documentation



Power Grid
Solutions



Condition
Monitoring



Digital
Transformation



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Stakeholders

Maintenance

Production

Quality

Process Technology

R&D / Engineering

Data Scientists

Requirements

Troubleshooting

Less failures

Fast fault location

Root-cause analysis

Quality documentation

Reduce rejects

Process analysis

Process optimization

Increase productivity

Increase reliability

Anomaly detection

Less unplanned downtimes

Improve quality

Reduce operation costs

Minimize repair costs

CO2 reduction

Reduce energy and resource consumption

Better insights to make better decisions

Condition-based maintenance

Benchmarking

Data Silos – Everyone has his own data



**Maintenance
Data**

**Production
Data**

**Quality
Data**

**Data
Scientists**

**R&D /
Engineering**

**Process
Technology**

Target: One Data Basis



Benefits

Better collaboration

Communication between stakeholders is based on the (same) data

Consistent results

Digital transformation as common task of all stakeholders

Same tool environment

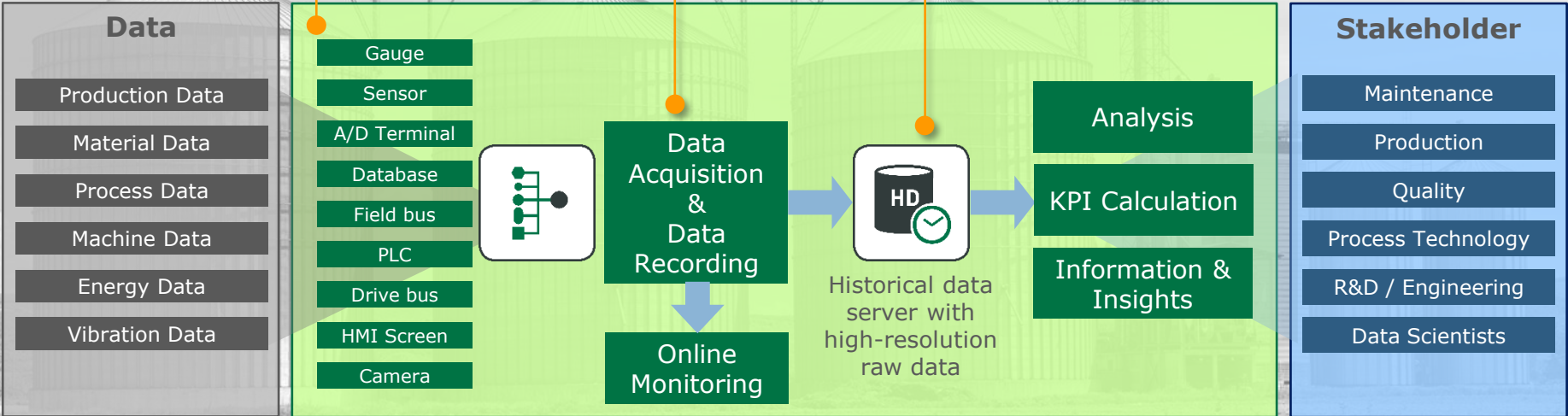
Architecture & Design Principles of a Measurement System



Comprehensive process connectivity to acquire high-resolution data
See the Big Picture

Store high-resolution data
Flexible Analysis

One data basis for all stakeholders
No Data Silos

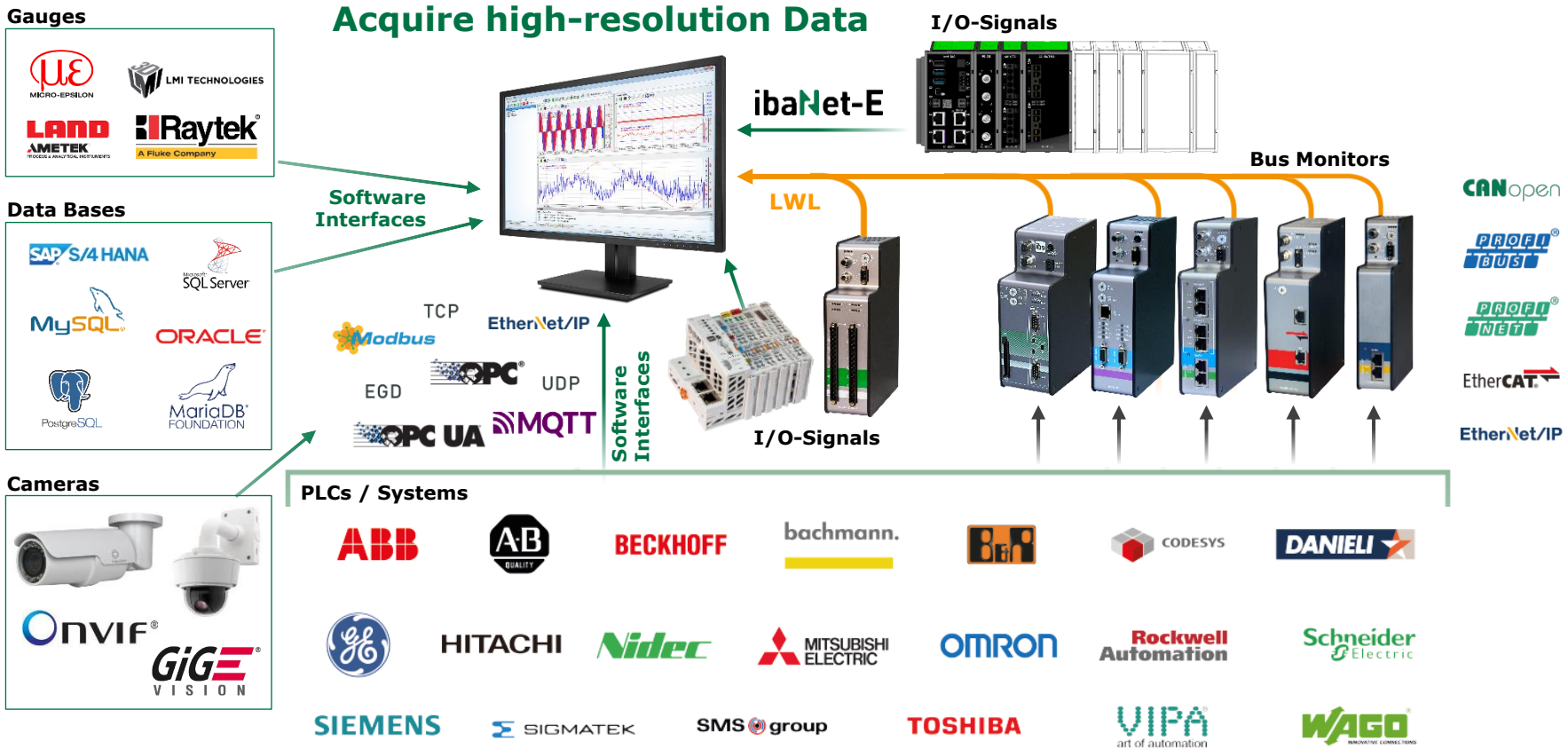


1

Measurement System

Design Principles

Comprehensive Process Connectivity – See the Big Picture



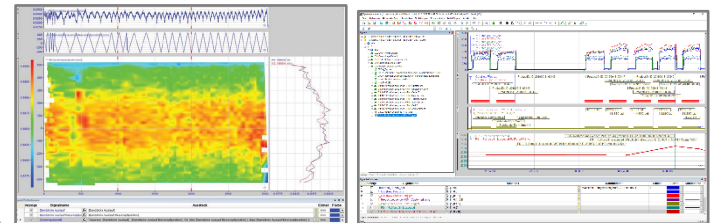
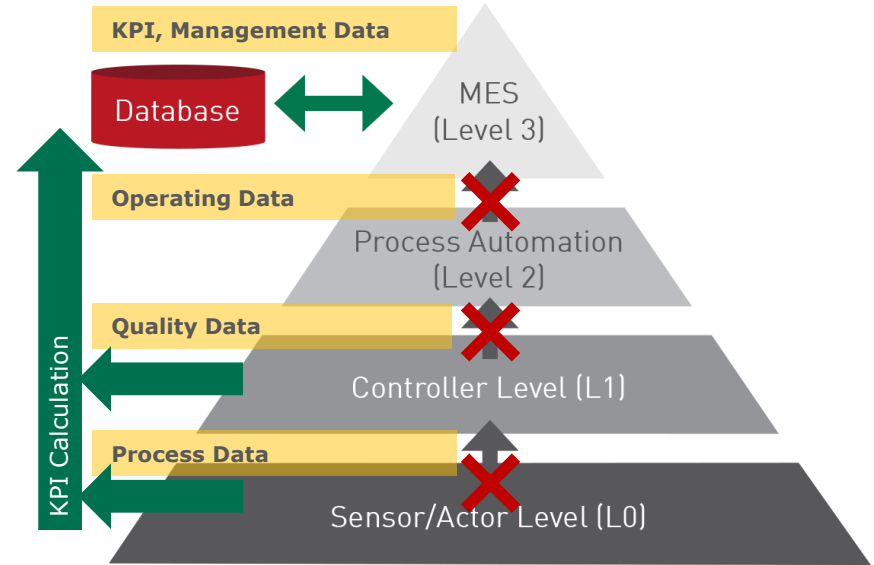
Store high-resolution Data – Flexible Analysis

Flexible approach to calculate KPIs

- Calculation of KPIs is based on raw data (no stepwise aggregation at different levels)

Benefits

- Source of data and calculation methods for KPIs are known and comprehensible
- Signals can be combined with each other; calculation of process-specific KPIs
- Flexible – no need for interface adaptations in Level 1/2/3 in case more or different data should be extracted into the database
- Drill-Down possible; otherwise: information retrieval = information loss!



Example – Calculation of KPIs based on Raw Data

Application: Aluminium rolling mill

Physical Signal; time-based



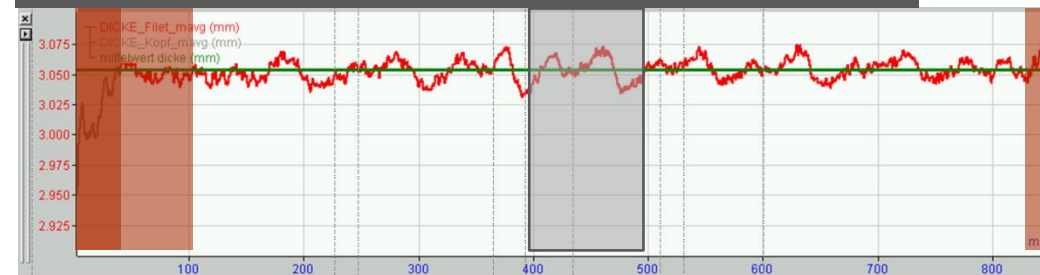
KPI_Avg = 2,970 mm



Calculation in
ibaAnalyzer

TimeToLength (...)
XCutValid (...)
XMarkRange (...)
Avg (ValidThickness)

Length-based values; Head/Tail discarded

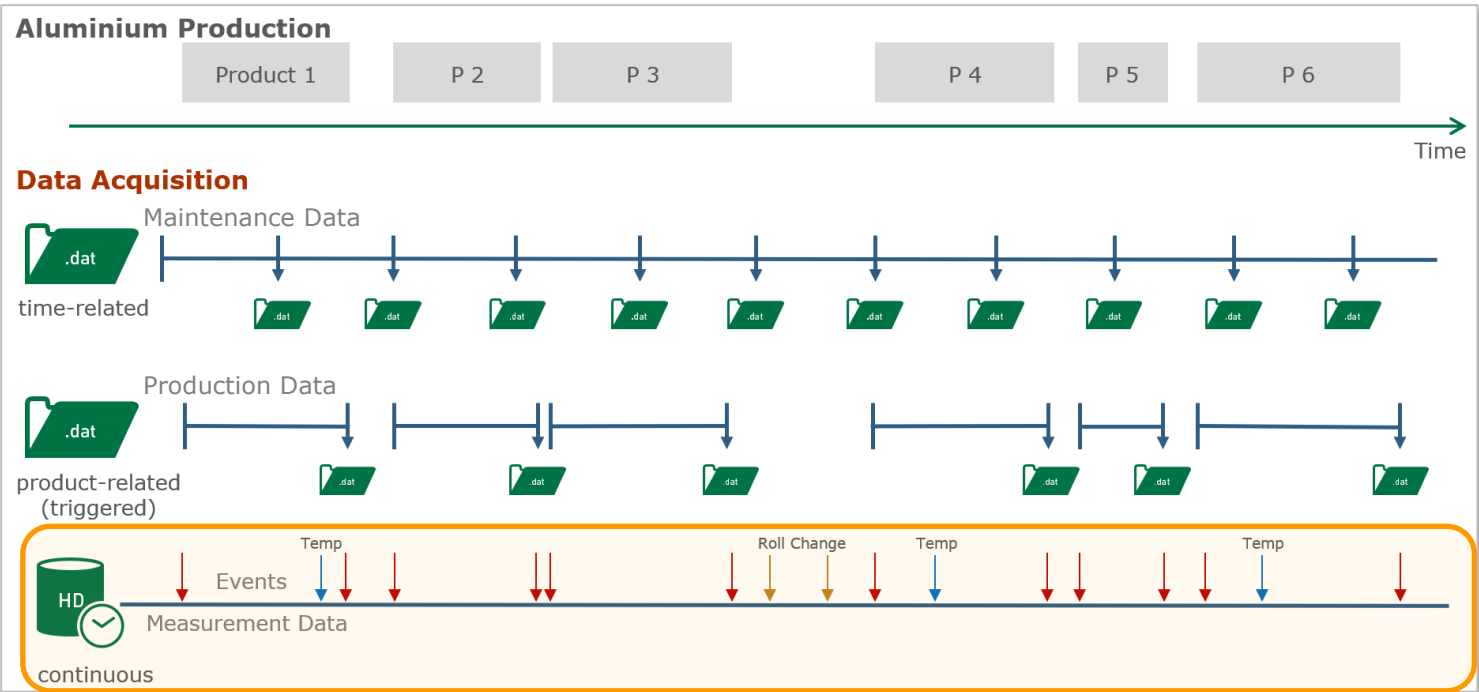


KPI_Avg = 3,052 mm

KPI_Avg_head2 = 3,065 mm

KPI_middle = 3,015 mm

One Data Basis for all Stakeholders – No Data Silos



Data can be evaluated under various aspects by different stakeholders

Online (automatically)

Offline (interactively) (human in the loop)

2

Usage of Measurement Data

Interactive

Offline Analysis

The image shows two men in a professional setting, likely a control room or data center. They are both wearing light blue shirts. The man on the left is seated and looking at two computer monitors. The man on the right is standing and leaning over the desk, also looking at the monitors. The monitors display various data visualizations, including a 3D surface plot with pink, green, and blue areas, and a 2D line graph with a blue line. The background is a blurred industrial or office environment with overhead lights.

Raw Data Analysis

Signal-oriented analysis

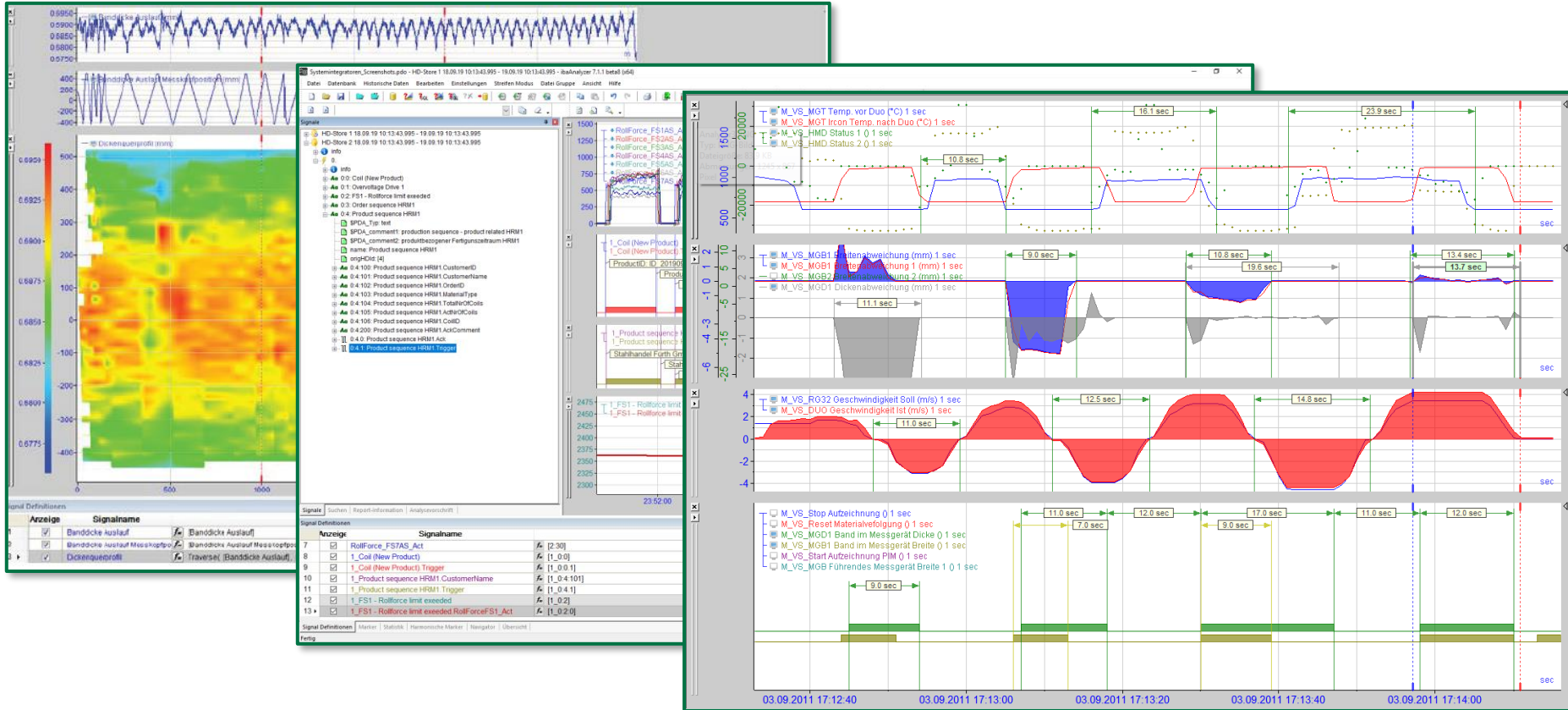
Troubleshooting

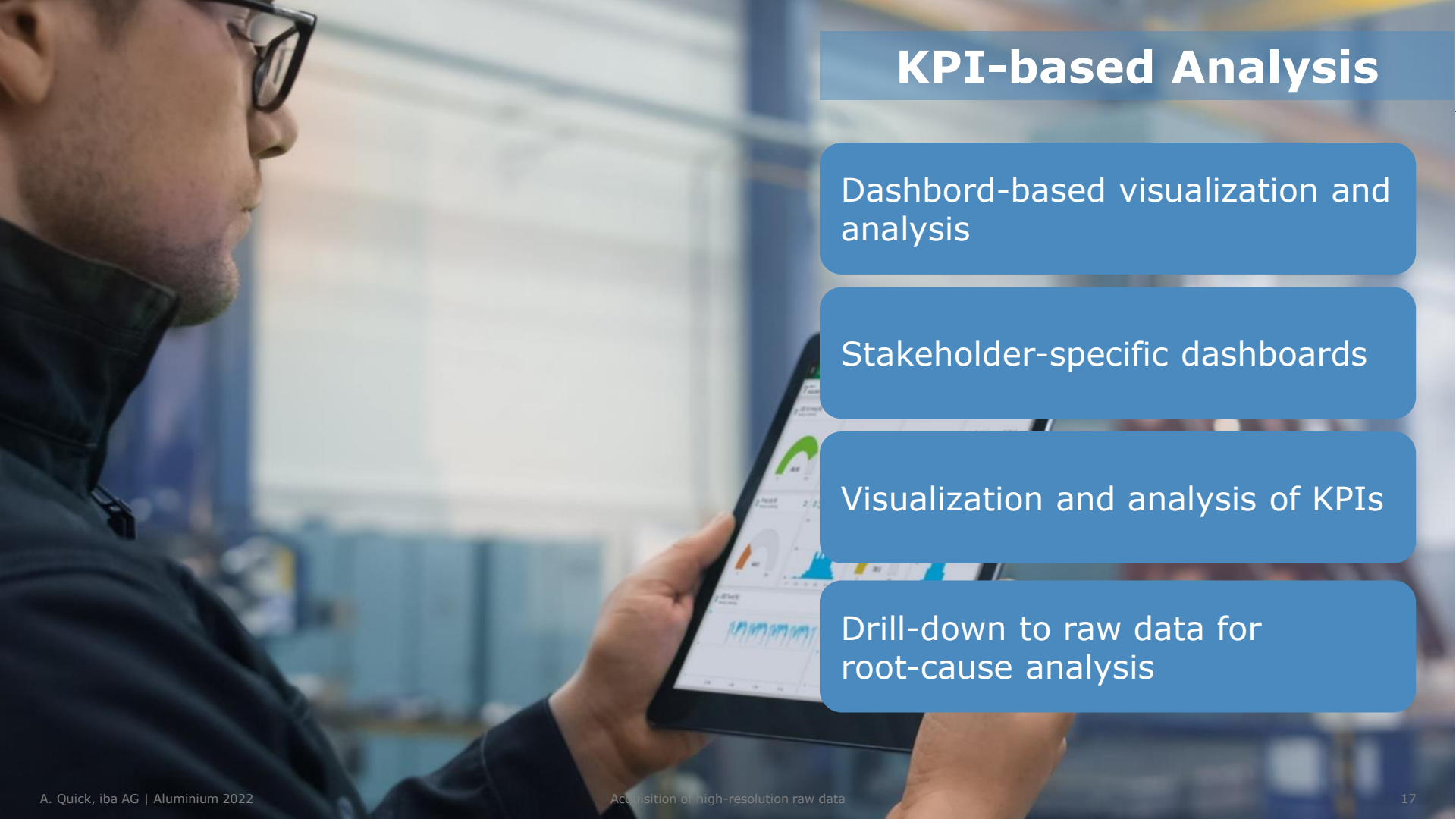
Fault location

Understand your process and
reduce complexity

Interactive calculation of KPIs

Raw Data Analysis





KPI-based Analysis

Dashboard-based visualization and analysis

Stakeholder-specific dashboards

Visualization and analysis of KPIs

Drill-down to raw data for root-cause analysis



Interactive Filtering

- Filter are applied to the entire dashboards
- Intuitive design – no database knowledge needed
- Easy analysis by stepwise refinement
- Undo function for filter



Time Filter

01/20/2019 13:24:30 – 03/15/2019 13:24:30



ID2
22810, 22823

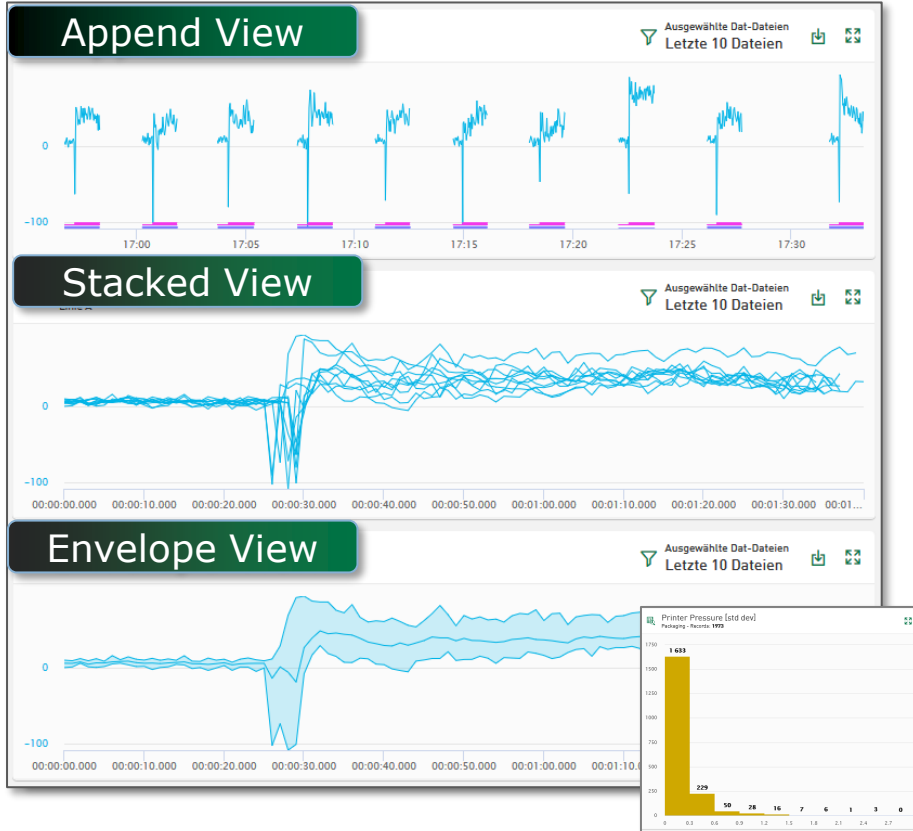


C-Temp
[19; 21]



v_avg
[295; 300]





Typical Analysis Scenario

- KPIs abstract the process and production to relevant numbers
→ benchmarking, reporting, overview
- But for root-cause analysis, raw data is needed
- Interactive drill-down to raw data
- 3 modes for visualization of raw data

Visualization of KPIs and raw data
in **ONE** tool on **ONE** dashboard

3

Usage of Measurement Data

Online Monitoring

Proven Architecture of a Monitoring System



Transfer of key performance indicators (KPIs) to higher systems

Interactive long-term analysis with drill-down to raw data

Long-term monitoring of KPIs with alarming

IT-Network

OT-Network (shop floor)

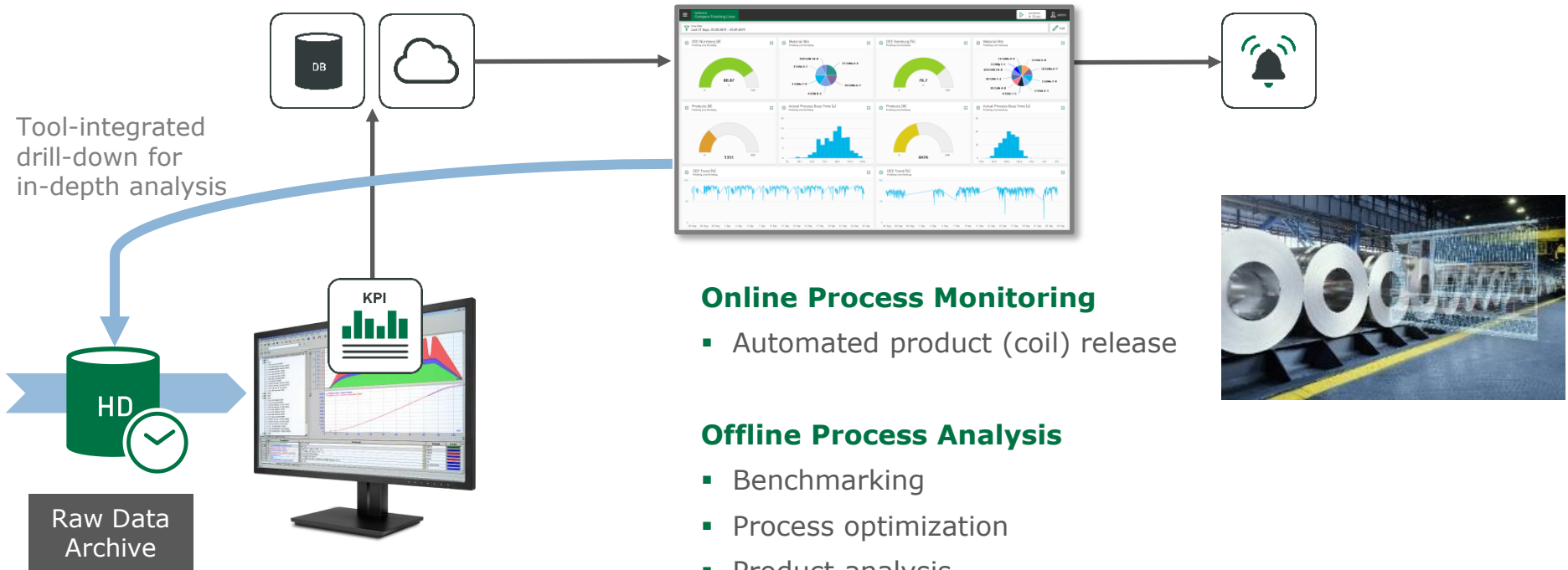
Edge Analytics
Evaluate data at their origin

Online alarming on the shop floor

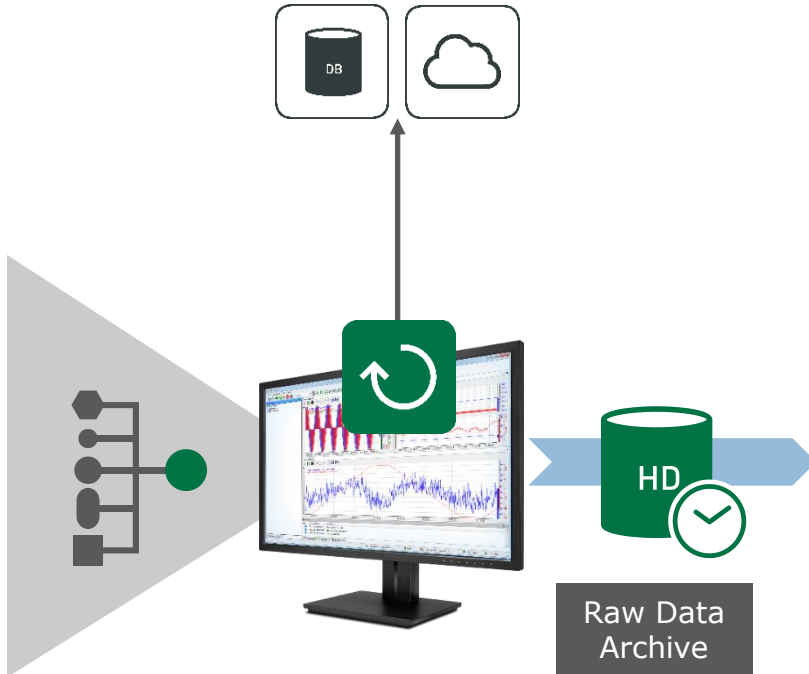
PLC
Process control

Process

(1) Online Monitoring based on KPIs



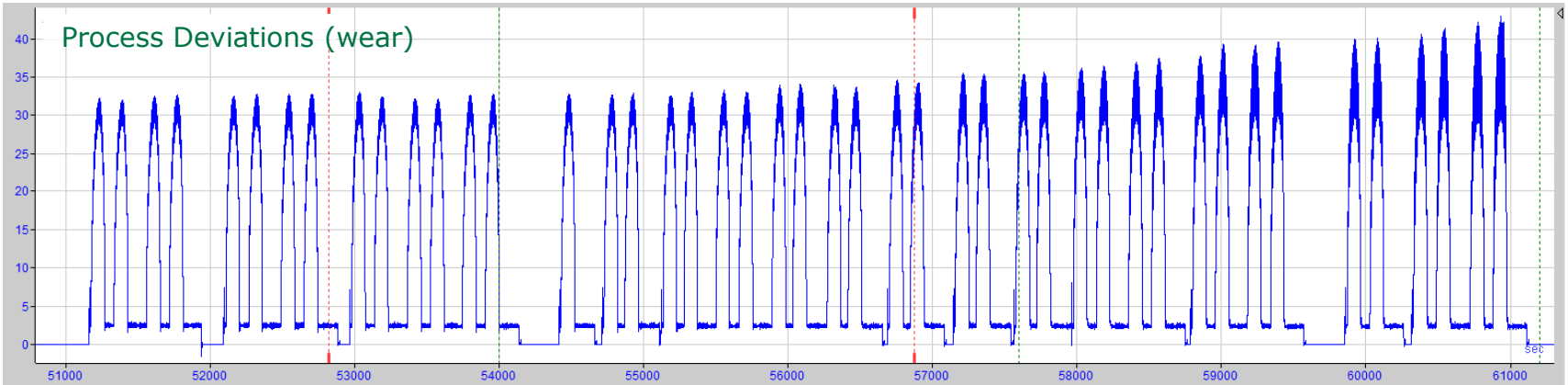
(2) Process Monitoring in the Time Domain



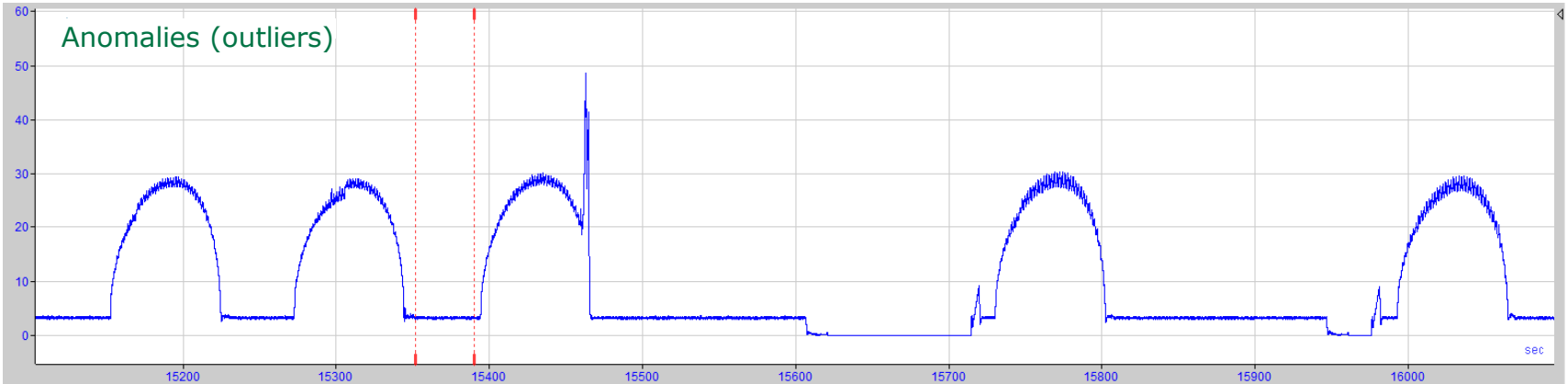
- Real-time monitoring in the data acquisition system
- Monitoring is based on existing signals; no further sensors required
- Process analysis in time-domain
- Time normalization using Time Synchronous Averaging (TSA)
→ establish comparability of similar processes
- Automatic learning of limits for different process conditions

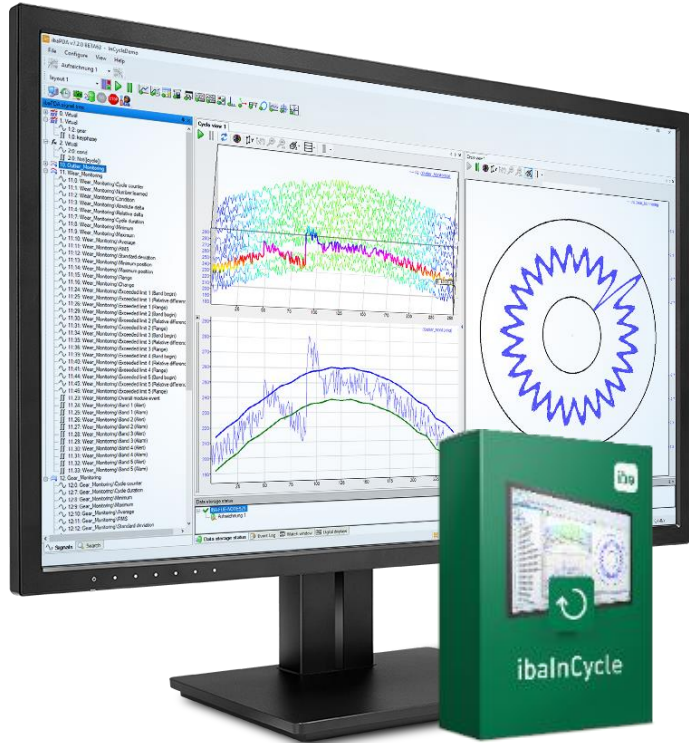
Target: Detection of Process Deviations & Anomalies

A



B





- Monitoring of cyclical and rotating processes
 - Motor- and gear monitoring
 - Machine monitoring (e.g. wear of saw blades)
- Monitoring of single, semi cyclical process steps
 - Presses (forge, displacement and pressure curves)
 - Crane monitoring
 - Sequential processes in machines and plants
 - Monitoring of step responses and rolling stand characteristics
 - Monitoring of robot systems, especially monitoring of movements

(3) Process Monitoring in the Frequency Domain

Online Vibration Monitoring



Signals
(Vibration
and Process)

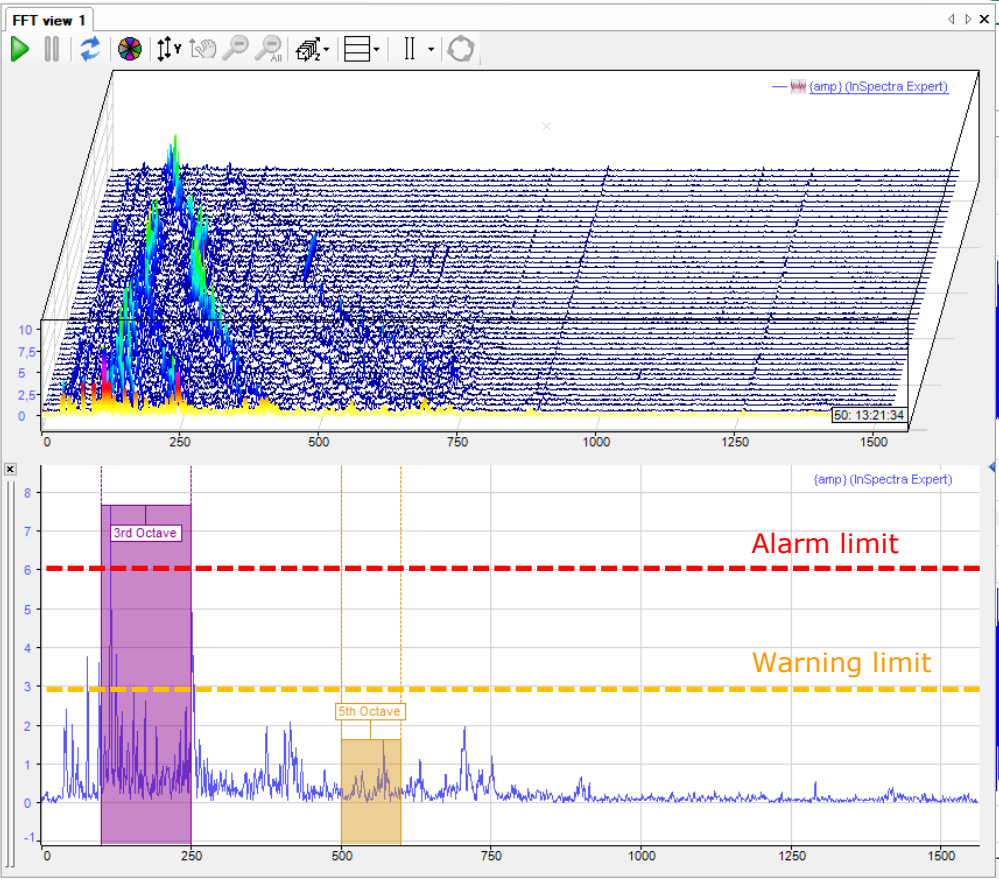
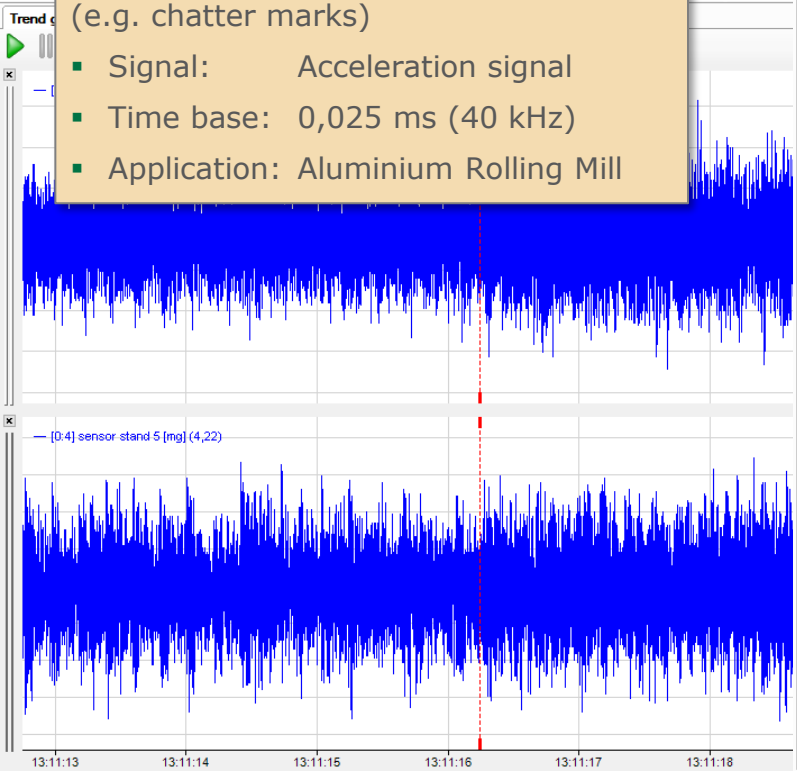


(3) Online Vibration Monitoring using FFT

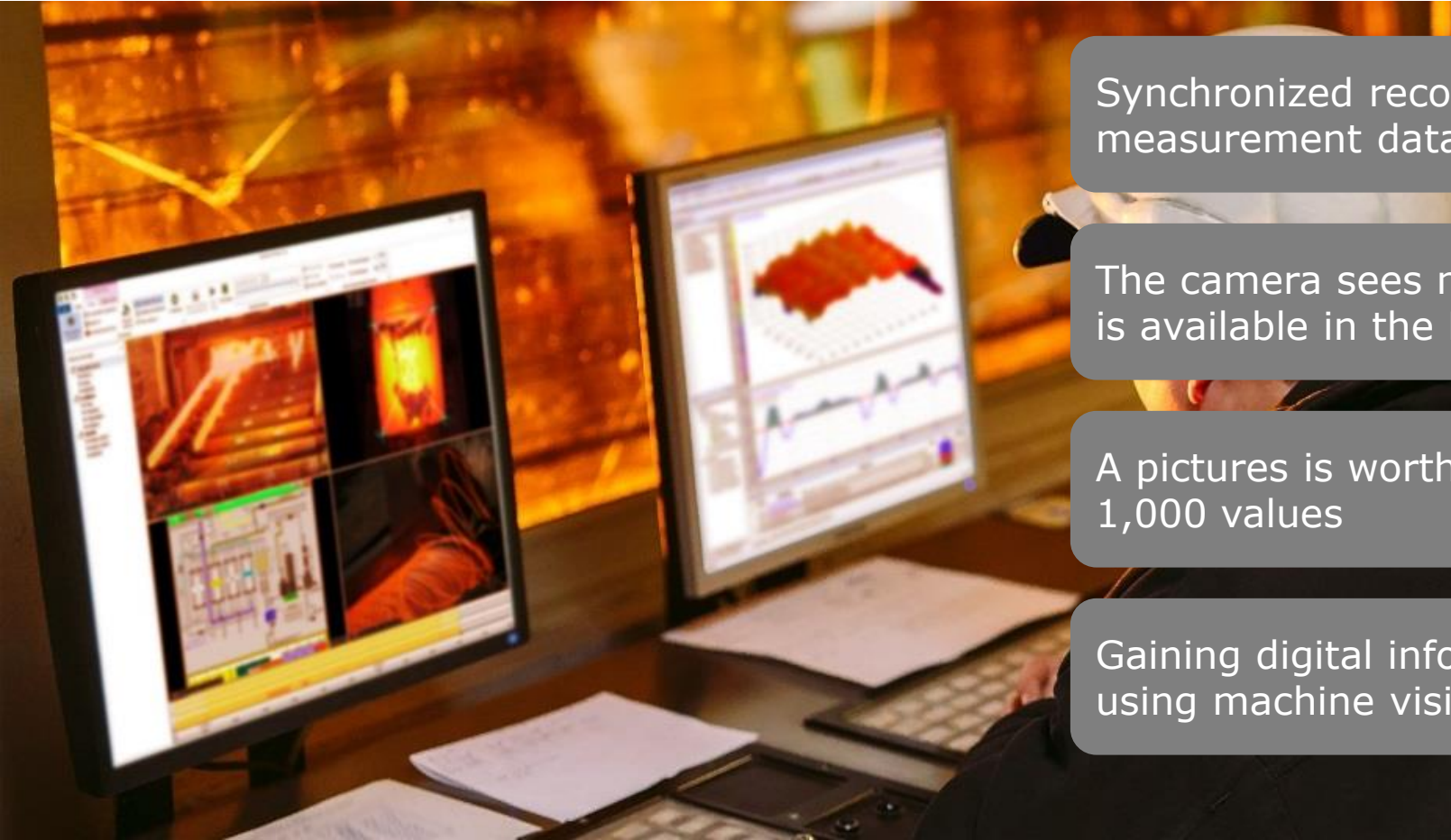


Monitoring of process vibrations (e.g. chatter marks)

- Signal: Acceleration signal
- Time base: 0,025 ms (40 kHz)
- Application: Aluminium Rolling Mill



(4) Process Monitoring with Machine Vision



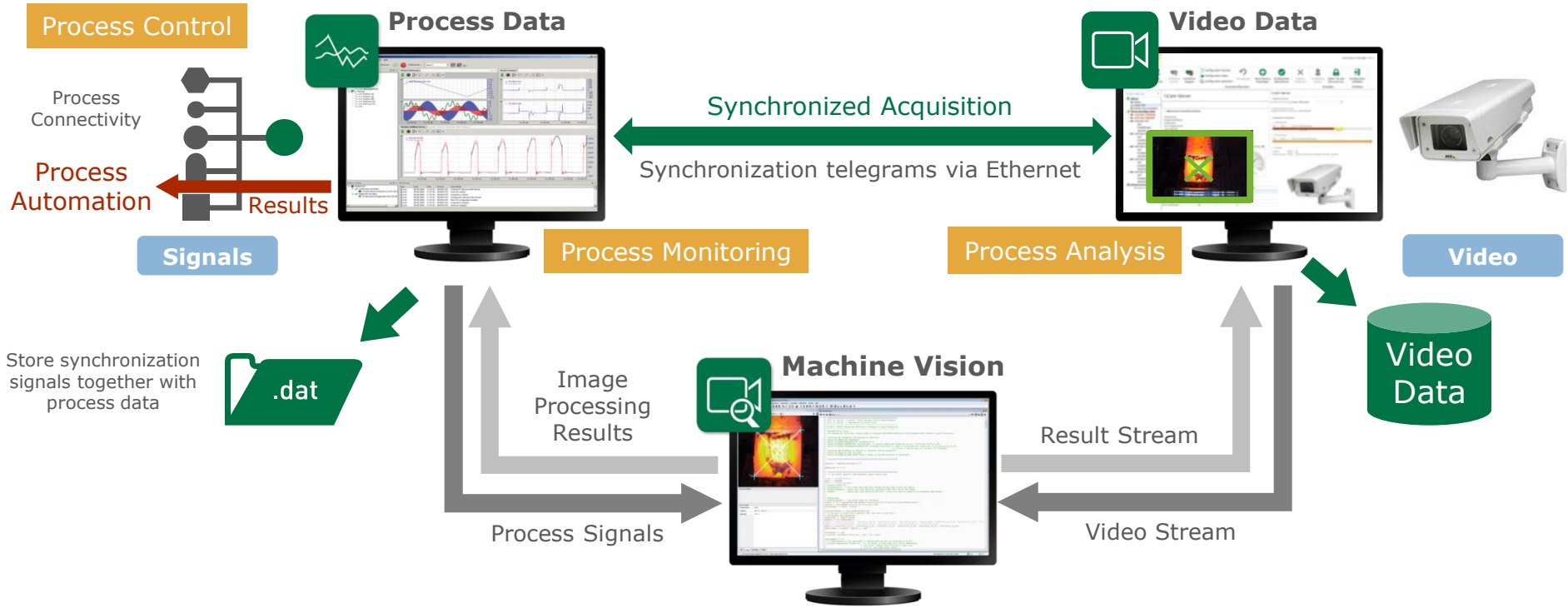
Synchronized recording of measurement data and video

The camera sees more than is available in the PLC

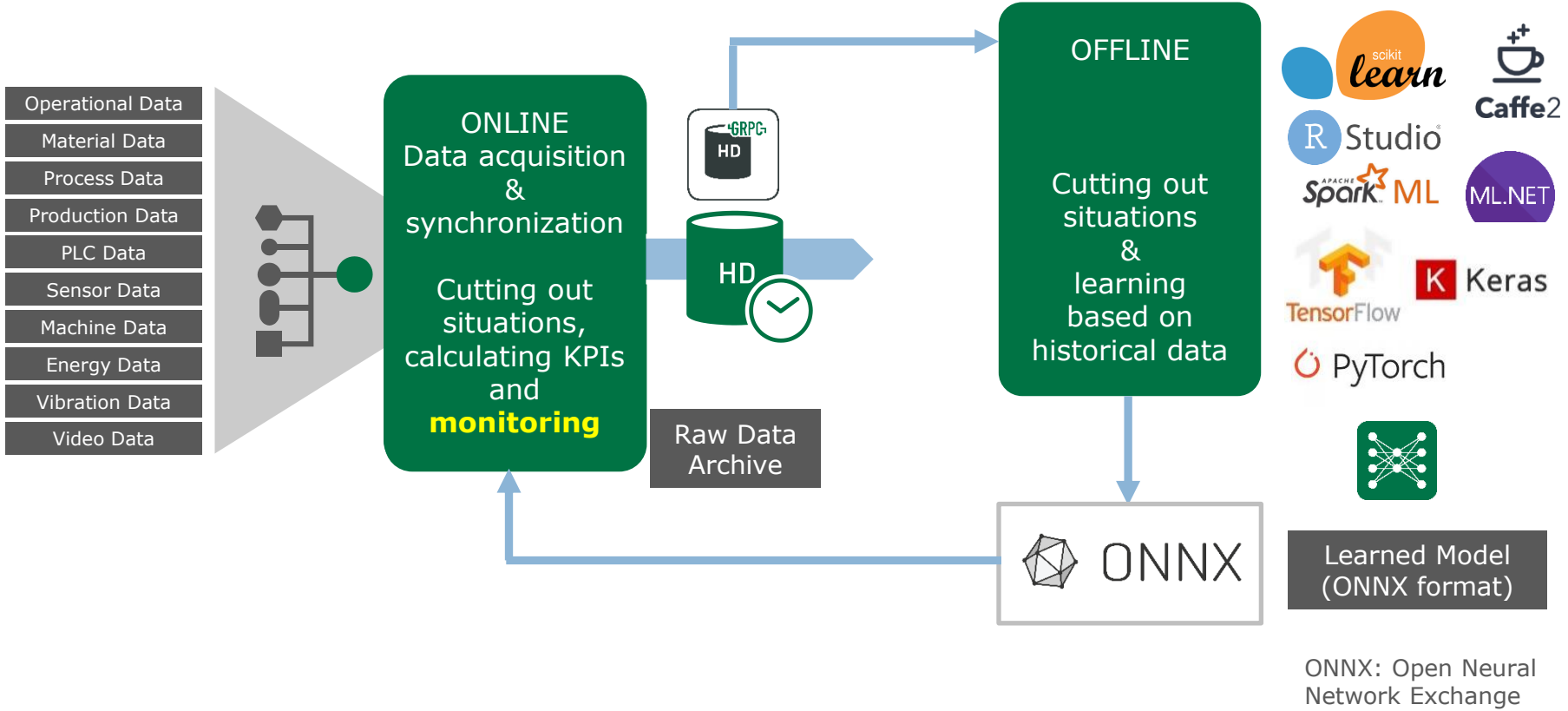
A picture is worth more than 1,000 values

Gaining digital information using machine vision

Process Analysis, Monitoring & Control based on Video Data



(5) Online Process Monitoring using Machine Learning (AI)



4

Open Ecosystem

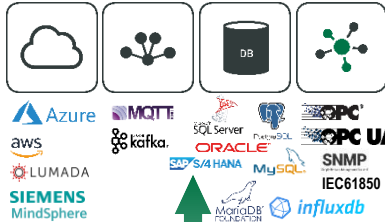
Transfer Data to external Systems

The iba System – An Open Ecosystem



NORTHBOUND

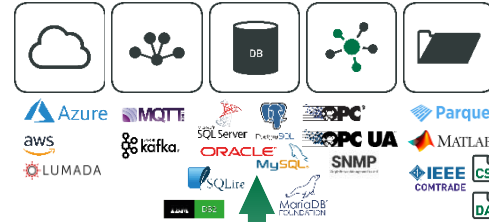
Streaming, Server, Output Interfaces



Access to Historical Data



Data Export



IT Network
OT Network

- Production Data
- Material Data
- Process Data
- Machine Data
- Energy Data
- Vibration Data



- Maintenance
- Production
- Quality
- Process Technology
- R&D / Engineering
- Data Scientists

SOUTHBOUND



Acquisition of high-resolution raw data

Key Takeaways



Acquire high-resolution raw data
Meet all stakeholders' requirements

Comprehensive process connectivity
Gain a holistic view of the process

No data silos
Data is the basis for collaboration

Let's talk about data
Digital transformation is a common effort

Tool environment for analysis
Make big data manageable

**Raw Data
& Events**

Thank you!



**Please see us in Hall 5
Digital Manufacturing
Booth M42-07**

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